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TO: Board of Education
FROM: Dale Ellis
DATE: March 5, 2012
SUBJ: INFORMATION ITEM (PDSA Presentation)

Enclosed is the PDSA presentation that we moved from the Mid-Year Review. I will cover the information quickly but it will give you a glance of how the process works in the classroom and why it is important to use data to drive instruction. The use of this process is the next logical step in our move from a teaching system to a learning system.

I will be available to answer any questions you may have.



Improving Performance with the PDSA



Welcome!

Please sit in leveled groups as
much as possible.



Today's Learning Targets

- I can explain how the parts of a PDSA (Plan-Do-Study-Act) are good for students and improve teacher/PLC practice.
- I can identify potential pitfalls of implementing this process within the various level groups
- I can develop a plan to implement the PDSA with my school leadership/SIT.



1. What do students need to learn?
2. How will they learn it?
3. How will we know they have learned it?
4. What will we do if they don't learn it?
5. What will we do if they already know it?

Essential Curriculum

Quarterly Benchmarks

Professional Learning
Communities

Instructional Facilitators

Vision/Mission
Core Values
Data-Driven Decisions



NC Professional Teaching Standards

Knowledge of CCI enhances your ability to evaluate teachers, and to coach them on their ability to meet or exceed the following NCPTS:

- 1a Lead in their classrooms
- 1d Advocate for schools and students
- 2c Treat students as individuals
- 3a Align instruction with NCSCOS
- 3d Make instruction relevant to students
- 4a Know the ways in which learning takes place...
- 4b Plan instruction appropriate for students
- 4c Use a variety of instructional methods



NC Professional Teaching Standards

Knowledge of CCI enhances your ability to evaluate teachers, and to coach them on their ability to meet or exceed the following NCPTS:

- 4e Help students develop problem-solving skills
- 4f Help students work in teams and develop leadership qualities
- 5a Communicate effectively
- 5b Use a variety of methods to assess what students have learned
- 5c Analyze student learning
- 5c Adapt practice based on data

Assumptions of System Improvement:

- People want to do the right thing and want to be successful.
- 95% of the problems workers face are the result of the system and leadership has a responsibility to fix the system.
- Fixing one part of the system is necessary but not sufficient for performance excellence.





REMEMBER:

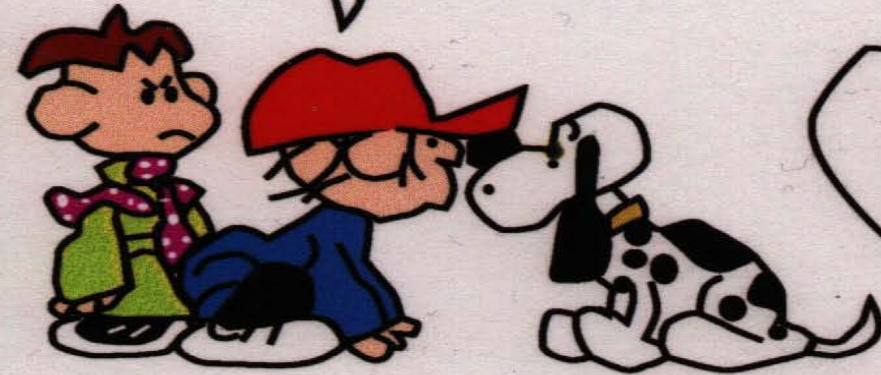
It's about creating a classroom
that's learning centered,
not teaching centered.

The focus is on learning.

I TAUGHT
STRIPE HOW
TO WHISTLE



I DON'T HEAR
HIM WHISTLING



I SAID I TAUGHT
HIM. I DIDN'T SAY
HE LEARNED IT



Quick Quotes



"Student engagement is the product of motivation and active learning. It is a product rather than a sum because it will not occur if either element is missing."

-Elizabeth F. Barkley

Quick Quotes



“A teacher is one who makes himself progressively unnecessary.”

-Thomas Carruthers

Quick Quotes



"Effective learners operate best when they have insight into their own strengths and weaknesses and access to their own repertoires of strategies for learning."

-Brown 1994

Quick Quotes



"Feedback is effective when it offers information about progress relative to the intended learning goal and about what action to take to reach the intended learning goal."

-Hattie and Timperley, 2005

Quick Quotes



“The reasons for dropping out vary depending on the students, but the number-one reason-cited by the dropouts themselves-is boredom (Bridgeland, Dilulio, & Morison, 2006). For most dropouts, becoming listening objects didn’t work. When high school students talked about the types of teaching they wanted, they “described their preferred instructional strategies as ones that were hands-on, and that contained opportunities for debate and discussion.”

(Certo, Cauley, Moxley)

Quick Quotes




“Formative assessment is a process used by teachers and students during instruction that provides feedback to adjust ongoing teaching and learning to help students improve their achievement of intended instructional outcomes.”

(CCSSO, 2008)

Modeling the Process



1+1=2


 $2+2=4$


 $3+3=6$


 $4+4=8$

$5+5=10$

$$6+6=12$$

$7+7=14$

$8+8=16$

$9+9=18$

Frog-Tastic WORK

PLAN


All 1st Graders will read at or above DRA 16 by June

* Use a capital letter in the beginning of a sentence *

End - Quality Test Services - in March 2012

☐ Use the SMARTboard

Practice

 Write-Pair-Share

🤔 Ask for help if confused

How Are We Growing?

Grade	Number of students
1	3
2	7
3	1
4	1
5	1
6	1

First Grade Second Semester Reading Essentials

*I can change the beginning, middle and ending sounds to make new words.

*I can use words I know to read compound words and contractions.

* I can use known words to read words with different endings.

I can check my own reading using different strategies.

* I can check my own reading by asking:
Does that make sense? Sound right? Look right

*I can read a book by myself for 15 minutes.

1st Grade Math Essentials for 2nd Semester

1.01a I can count groups of ones and tens to name a number.

1.01f I can estimate how many objects there are in a set.

1.02 I can group and count objects by 2's, 5's, and 10's.

1.03 I can use different strategies to add and subtract.

1.04 I can write word problems. I can solve word problems by drawing pictures.

2.01a I can choose what to use to measure an object.

2.01b I can estimate size.

2.01c I can compare objects by their length, weight, and capacity.

2.02b I can solve problems using a clock and a calendar.

4.01 I can collect, organize, talk about, and show information using line plots and tables.

4.02 I can tell when something is certain, impossible, more likely or less likely to happen.

5.02 I can use a Venn Diagram to show similarities and differences.

MATH PDSA

Plan



time to the half hour



4 stickers



We will get 4 out of 5 questions correct on our quiz on Jan. 15th



Hot Potato

Do

use versatile

We will review on Jan. 14th

computer
play a game

Study



Act



play a computer game



tens and ones

Aa

about

animal

Ashley

Austin

Alexis

Ariel

Bb

boy

be

because

Bailey

Brianna

back

Nn nuts



Oo octopus



Nn now

name

next

nap

Oo on

our

old

out

What do we need to know?

Part 1

1. **What is the main purpose of the study?**
The main purpose of the study is to determine the effect of the treatment on the outcome.

2. **What are the research objectives?**
The research objectives are to determine the effect of the treatment on the outcome, to determine the effect of the treatment on the outcome, and to determine the effect of the treatment on the outcome.

3. **What are the research hypotheses?**
The research hypotheses are that the treatment will have a positive effect on the outcome, that the treatment will have a negative effect on the outcome, and that the treatment will have no effect on the outcome.

4. **What are the research questions?**
The research questions are: What is the effect of the treatment on the outcome? What is the effect of the treatment on the outcome? What is the effect of the treatment on the outcome?

5. **What are the research variables?**
The research variables are the treatment and the outcome.

6. **What are the research methods?**
The research methods are the treatment and the outcome.

7. **What are the research results?**
The research results are the treatment and the outcome.

8. **What are the research conclusions?**
The research conclusions are the treatment and the outcome.

9. **What are the research implications?**
The research implications are the treatment and the outcome.

10. **What are the research limitations?**
The research limitations are the treatment and the outcome.

How old are these books?

21

Green Capemore across the
to see as much as you for this morning
keep an eye on all.

22

How old are these books?

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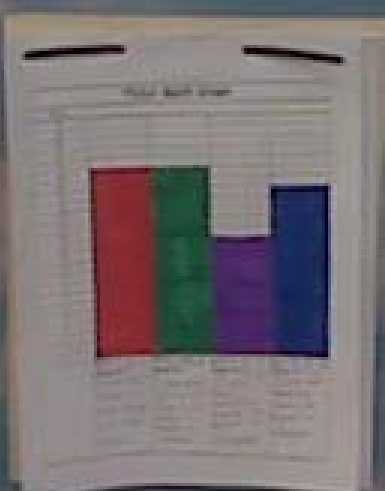

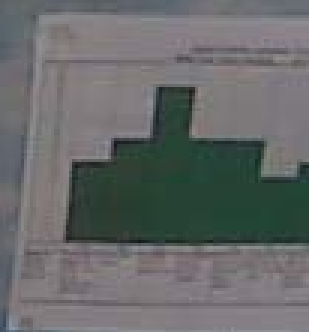
How old are these books?

99

How old are these books?

100

How old are these books?



1. The first part of the document is a letter from the author to the reader, explaining the purpose of the study and the methods used. The letter is dated 1998 and is addressed to the reader.

2. The second part of the document is a list of references, which includes books, articles, and other sources used in the study. The references are listed in alphabetical order.

3. The third part of the document is a list of figures, which includes tables, graphs, and other visual aids used in the study. The figures are listed in alphabetical order.

4. The fourth part of the document is a list of tables, which includes tables of data, tables of results, and other tables used in the study. The tables are listed in alphabetical order.

5. The fifth part of the document is a list of appendices, which includes appendices of data, appendices of results, and other appendices used in the study. The appendices are listed in alphabetical order.

6. The sixth part of the document is a list of footnotes, which includes footnotes of data, footnotes of results, and other footnotes used in the study. The footnotes are listed in alphabetical order.

7. The seventh part of the document is a list of indexes, which includes indexes of data, indexes of results, and other indexes used in the study. The indexes are listed in alphabetical order.

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9. The ninth part of the document is a list of bibliography, which includes bibliography of data, bibliography of results, and other bibliography used in the study. The bibliography is listed in alphabetical order.

10. The tenth part of the document is a list of references, which includes references of data, references of results, and other references used in the study. The references are listed in alphabetical order.



P. D. S. A.

Last time we focused on:

Movement

Playing correct

ARE YOU THE IDEAL IDOL?



Simon says, "The whole idea is to find a worldwide star, and I think we found that with you."

Paula says, "I loved it."

Kara says, "I got three words for you. That is artistry."

Randy says, "You're IN THE ZONE now."

Blend of Voices

Voices blended together, and the sound was very pleasing throughout the performance.

Expression

Used engaging expression in voice and face to interpret the meaning of the lyrics.

Stage Presence

Performed with a great deal of energy, focus, and confidence.



Kara says, "I ain't nervous for you anymore."

Paula says, "I think you did a very nice job."

Randy says, "You can really, really, really, sing."

Simon says, "It was a bit like ordering a hamburger and getting only the bun."

Voices blended together well, and the sound was pleasing throughout almost all of the performance.

Used appropriate expression in voice and face to interpret the meaning of the lyrics.

Performed with noticeable energy, focus, and confidence.



Randy says, "Dude, you can actually sing."

Paula says, "I think you did a very nice job."

Kara says, "You controlled the song and you did not let it control you..."

Simon says, "It was a little bit like a Chihuahua trying to be a tiger."

Voices generally blended together, but occasionally a few individual voices could be heard.

Attempted to use some expression in voice and face to show the meaning of the lyrics.

Performed with some energy, focus, and confidence.



Paula says, "I think you did a very nice job."

Randy says, "It's just OK. I wasn't jumping up and down or anything."

Kara says, "I like to see growth and I like to see risks."

Simon says, "I believe it's like watching a horror movie."

Individual voices were often heard that did not blend with the ensemble sound.

Did not attempt to use expression in voice and face to show the meaning of the lyrics.

Performed with little energy, focus, and confidence.

With a rubric to match!



1. What do students need to learn?
2. How will they learn it?
3. How will we know they have learned it?
4. What will we do if they don't learn it?
5. What will we do if they already know it?

Where am I going?

How do we close the gaps?

Essential Curriculum

Quarterly Benchmarks

Professional Learning
Communities

Instructional Facilitators

Where am I now?

Vision/Mission
Core Values
Data-Driven Decisions



A Foundation for Success

- Classroom management system that works (and engages ALL learners)

You could actually model PDSA with this.

- A classroom environment that values and celebrates student improvement and growth
 - ☐ Free or inexpensive
 - ☐ 3-5 minutes
 - ☐ Include ALL students
- Baseline data/Benchmark data
- Clear understanding of essentials
- Classroom Mission Statement



Eyes are watching

Ears are listening

Mouths speak softly

Hands are helpful

Feet are quiet



OUR CLASS



NORMS



★ We will be nice to everyone.

★ We will include everyone.

★ We will Listen!

★ We will take our turn!

★ We will help others!

★ We will treat others respectfully.



Our Class Rules

Rules

Examples

1. I can **respect others** by keeping my hands and feet to myself.



- My legs are crossed and my bottom is on the floor.
- My hands are in my lap.

2. I can **respect my teacher** by listening to her.



- My eyes and ears are on the teacher.
- Give me Five
- Raise my hand
- No talking while someone else is talking.

3. I can **respect myself** by being ready everyday.
(Having Everything Ready Organized)



- "Thinking I can"
- Doing my best all the time.
- bringing HW, folder, supplies.

4. I can follow the 7 habits to be a leader.



- Use manners
- No Bully Zone

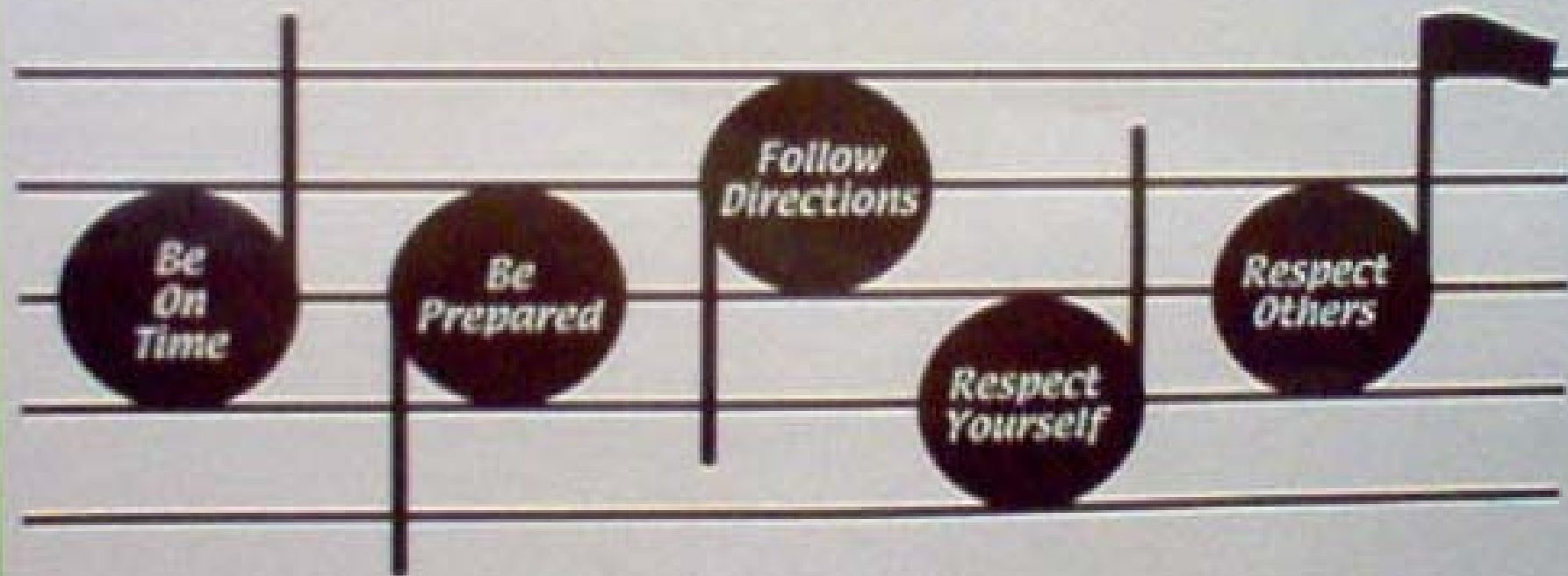
I can respect my school.



- pick up after myself
- keep my area neat.
- pick up the bathroom/hallway/cafeateria if I see trash or things that don't belong

Ethan W. No. 10 Elias Kristopher Porter Rebel

Noteworthy Rules



GYM NORMS

1. Be prepared for class.
2. Dress out quickly.
3. Follow game rules.
4. Use good sportsmanship.
5. Stop and listen on the 3rd whistle.
6. No chewing gum.

Creating Norms/Class Rules



- What norms/rules will help your students be successful?
- What process will you use to create them?
- When will you create them?
- How will you display them?
- How will you and your students USE them to create a classroom environment that facilitates learning?

The word “recognize”
comes from the Latin “to
know again.”

Recognitions and
celebrations allow us “to
know again” what is
important, what we
value, and what we are
committed to do.



As a Team...

Brainstorm ideas for recognition.
Look for ideas that:

- are clearly linked to goal achievement or improvement
- are free or inexpensive
- take 3 minutes or less
- recognize class rather than individual accomplishment





Recognition I've seen include...

- Class picture
- One song dance party
- Food
- 2 minute nap
- Kazoo salute
- Sharing personal stories
- Select seat for a day
- Solve a puzzle
- Paper wad fight
- Play a learning game
- Bubble blowing
- Wave
- Current events
- Bubble gum bubble contest
- Stupid human trick
- Read outside
- Pass a beach ball
- Invite a guest
- Singing hamster

My class CHEER box

It included:

Pom poms

Megaphone

Clapping hands

Cheers we had used

Our class

“Celebration

Manager”

Selected appropriate
items and led the
class celebration









3.01 – I can draw, name and build shapes.



Q 3+4



In READING,
we are working on:

- I can ask and answer questions to predict the story.
- I can make connections from what I heard, read and have seen to what I know.
- I can use new words in speaking and writing.
- I can spell words correctly or by sounds.
- I can tell how words sound the same and different.
- I can read sight words and name the sound at the beginning of a word.
- I can use describing words in writing and speaking.
- I can use the naming words and action words in writing and speaking.
- I can use different types of sentences. I can write left to right and top to bottom.
- I can write most letters and some words.



In WRITING,
we are working on:

- I can write my first and last name.
- I can draw a picture that matches my words.
- I can write about a given topic.
- I use spaces between my words.
- I use punctuation at the end of a sentence.
- I can copy words from the environment.
- I can write two or more thoughts.
- I use capital letters at the beginning of a sentence.
- I have legible handwriting.
- I use sight words in my writing.

Q 3+4



In MATH,
we are working on:

- I can solve story problems and explain.
- I can tell what place an object is in.
- I can share equally between two people.
- I can count objects up to 30.
- I can tell how shapes are the same and different.
- I can estimate amounts less than or equal to 10.
- I can read and write numbers to 30.
- I can name the days of the week, months of the year, seasons and tell what comes before and after.
- I can compare objects using words.
- I can complete puzzles.



Our 'Super Star' Strategies

- * password
- * whiteboard
- * Ask 3 writing friends
- * buddy
- * no



cat

3

2

cat 1



2nd Grade Reading Essentials 09-10

These are the things each student should be able to do at the end of second grade:

Reading 2.01a - I can make predictions about a selection.

Reading 2.01c - I can tell the difference between facts and opinions.

Reading 2.01d - I can find information in a selection to answer questions.

Reading 2.01e - I can tell why the author wrote the selection.

Reading 2.01f - I can why the author uses bold, italic, & capital letters (OUCH!).

Reading 2.01g - I can use the author's decisions & word choice to understand the selection.

Reading 2.01i - I can use clues from the story to make smart guesses about what might happen in a selection or why something happens.

Reading 2.03 - I can read nonfiction text to answer questions.

Reading 2.06 - I can tell the main idea, facts, & details from a selection.

Reading 2.07 - I can how events, characters, & ideas are alike & different in one or more selections.

Reading 2.08 - I can read & understand information from diagrams, charts, & maps.

Reading 3.02 - I can tell how texts are alike and different.

Reading 3.03 - I can retell new ideas & information in my own words.

Reading 4.03 - I can read smoothly and with expression.

Reading 4.07 - I can plan, write, & fix stories that I write.

Reading 4.08 - I can write information or a story with a beginning, middle, & an end.

Reading 5.03a - I can use capital letters correctly in my writing.

Reading 5.03b - I can use punctuation correctly in my writing.

Essentials

Visualization
Society
Nonlinguistic
Representation
Plot Diagram
Highlighting
Key words
Notes
Corners

PIG
Plan, Individual, Group

Two Column
Notes
Give One
Get One

CRT

CLVG

IRI

CBO

One Sentence
Summary

Pass The
Poster

Jigsaw
Strategy

Partner
Strategy

Peer
Writing
Conference
Self Edit
Moment

Walk and
Write
Stop, Walk, Write

Perfect Man/
Woman
Character
Man Activity

Essential Statements: 1st Semester

- ___ I can summarize the main points of works that are read, heard, or viewed.
Objectives: 1.02.2, 2.01.3, 3.01.5
- ___ I can figure out the importance of literary terms on what I read.
Objectives: 1.02.3, 3.01.3, 3.01.4, 4.01.2, 4.02.1, 5.01.7, 2.3, 5.02.4
- ___ I can compare and contrast what I have read, heard, or viewed.
Objectives: 1.02.5, 2.02.2, 5.02.1
- ___ I can determine the main idea of what I read.
Objectives: 1.02.7, 1.01.4, 2.01.4, 2.02.3, 5.01.9
- ___ I can understand nonfiction works.
Objectives: 2.01.1, 2.3, 4.5, 6.7, 2.02.1, 2.3, 3.01.9, 3.02.1, 2.3, 4.01.2, 3, 5.01.3, 5.02.1, 2.3
- ___ I can identify arguments and positions the author takes and state the supporting proof in a summary.
Objectives: 3.01.2, 1.01.3, 1.03.3, 1.04.3, 3.01.3, 6, 4.01.2, 3, 4.03.1
- ___ I can determine how effective the use of style, tone, and language are in an argument.
Objectives: 3.01.4, 1.02.3, 3.01.3, 4.01.2, 4.02.1, 5.01.7, 8, 9, 5.02.4
- ___ I can understand why the author's position or point of view is important and how it relates to me, other people, and other works.
Objectives: 3.01.6, 7, 1.01.3, 2.01.5, 2.02.2, 4.03.1, 5.01.11
- ___ I can identify problems and offer solutions while giving supporting details.
Objectives: 3.02.1, 2.3, 3.01.2, 3, 6, 9, 3.03.1, 2.3, 4.03.1
- ___ I can increase my understanding of text by combining my knowledge of theme, plot, point of view, characterization, mood, and style.
Objectives: 5.01.8, 1.01.3, 3.01.6, 4.03.1
- ___ I can understand and determine the theme in literature and other text and how the theme relates to me.
Objectives: 5.01.9, 1.02.3, 7, 1.04.3, 5.02.3, 4
- ___ I can understand the structure.

Essential Statements: 2nd Semester

- ___ I can make connections between what I read, myself, and the world around me.
Objectives: 1.02.4, 01.3, 2.02.2, 1.01.7, 5.01.11
- ___ I can read between the lines to make educated guesses about what I read, hear, or view.
Objectives: 1.02.6, 2.01.6, 3.01.6, 4.01.3, 4.02.1, 1.01.1
- ___ I can understand nonfiction.
Objectives: 2.01.1, 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 3.02.1, 2.3, 4.01.2, 3.02.1, 2.3, 4.03.1, 5.01.3, 5.02.1, 2.3
- ___ I can recognize the similarities and differences between reference materials and types of literature.
Objectives: 2.02.1, 1.01.5, 2.02.1, 2.3, 01.9, 4.03.1, 4.03.1, 2.3, 5.01.1
- ___ I can become a good judge by supporting one's opinion with clear reasons, examples, and details.
Objectives: 4.03.1, 3, 1.02.7, 1.02.2
- ___ I can use different strategies to understand what I read.
Objectives: 5.01.1, 2.01.1, 2.3, 4
- ___ I can examine the effects of literary devices such as figurative language, flashback, advice, and irony when I read.
Objectives: 5.01.1, 1.02.1, 3.02.1, 4, 4.01.3
- ___ I can understand and explain the various connections of relationships within a work.
Objectives: 5.01.11, 1.02.4, 1.01.7, 1.01.3
- ___ I can apply conventions when I speak and write.
Objectives: 4.01.3, 4.03.1
- ___ I can investigate how figurative language will improve writing and speaking.
Objectives: 5.01.11, 5.02.1
- ___ I can proofread, edit, and write a final draft that is free of spelling, punctuation, organization, and organization errors.
Objectives: 5.01.11, 5.02.1

03/22/2010

Essentials in YOUR classroom...

- How will posting the essentials help your students? Your parents?
- How will you post them in your classroom?
- How will you and your students USE them in your daily instruction?



Play
numbers

Puzzles
Cut with scissors

Mr. Mouth
letters

Read a Book

Preschool →
Why do you come
to see Mrs. Allison
and Ms. Dianne?

Playdough

Playground

Paint
Mrs. Parker
Computer

Ride bikes

We will learn for Kindergarten.

ETIE

Donovan

Jimmy

W / / i

Our Mission



Ms West
Meddie

Michael

promise

AUGUST

We are all here at school to learn. We need to learn everything we can.

Jaqueline

Nieka

Duke

We will try, practice, help each other, and share. We will have no hurts.

Dylan

Rachel
Jahneisha

Anthony

Charles
Spencer

Giovanni

ZACHARY
Brittany
Tobie

Shantana

ESSECE

CHRISCHAN

WVAD

GT

TO

Epona

Mrs. Horton's Kindergarten Class Mission Statement

Tune: "The Itsy Bitsy Spider"

Amy Jessica

Jordyn



The job of Mrs. Horton's class is to come to school each day.

CHITZ

To listen to the teacher and do all the work.



ADOLPHUS CHASE

Then we will be able to do it by ourselves.



SP MY

MILES

And we will be ready to go to First Grade.

1st



Dorothy Kourtnay

Zakaria

LO Eisaan

TEHOT

ARIANNA



Our Kindergarten Mission Statement

Our class will learn how to
read, write and do math. We
will work together as a team.
We will try, try, try and never
ever give up!

Landon

Emma

RUNAR

Who

N Q 1

Matt

Sam

Paul

STANLEY

Bryan

TAYLOR

G 9 3

Jessica

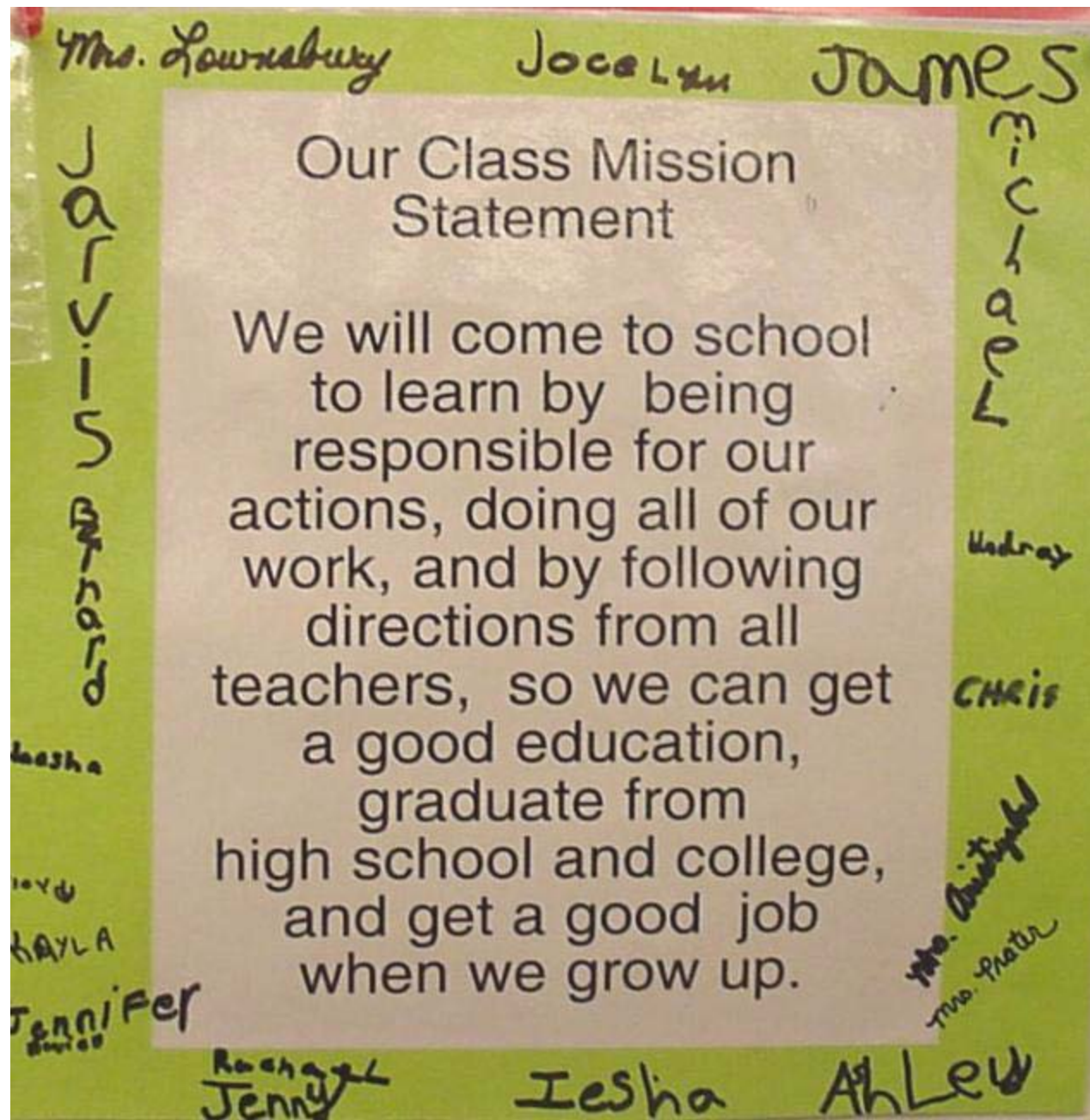
King



10 5 54
26 18



Mission
statement of
a 2nd and 3rd
grade
Specific
Learning
Disabilities
classroom.





PLAN

- Teacher shares clear learning target(s) with students
- Bite size chunk of learning (think Goldilocks!)
- Clearly define “cycle time” for your students (5-7 days is optimal)
- Informal, formative assessment that assesses learning on the target.

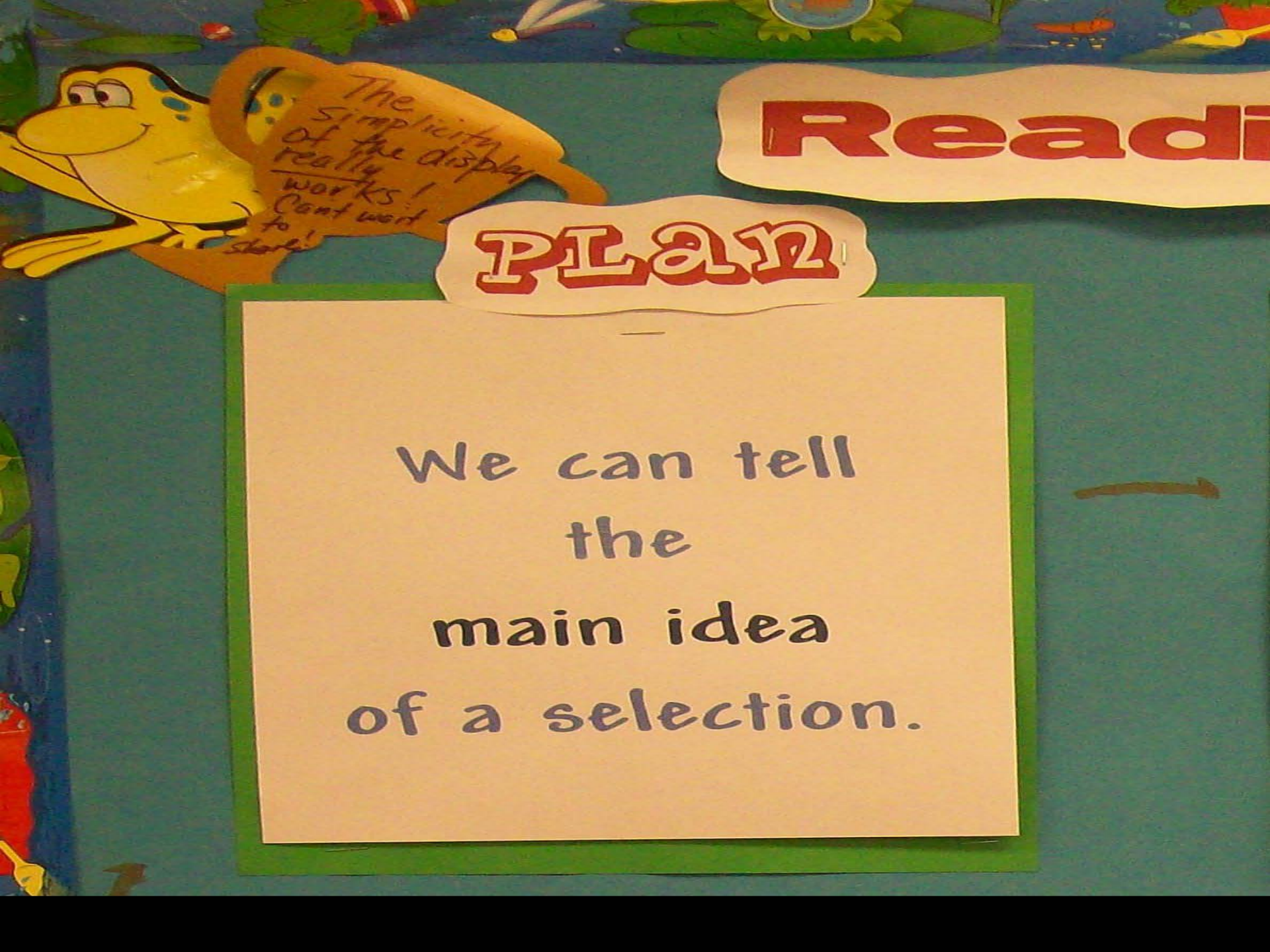
P

PLAN

im
qu

We can solve subtraction

problems with regrouping.



Reading

PLAN

We can tell
the
main idea
of a selection.

The
simplicity
of the display
really
works!
Can't wait
to
start!

Team Time

- How is this good for students?
- How does it help grow teacher practice (PLC practice)?
- What might it look like at your level?





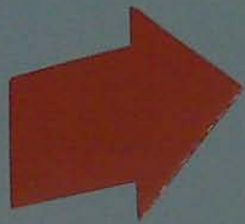
DO

- What strategies do we (as teachers) KNOW will generate learning?
- What strategies are working best in this class?
- Have I taught these strategies and do I use them by name?
- Are there some “givens” in my classroom?



Visuals and text
create
meaning for
all learners

AN



DO

All 1st Graders
read at or above
DRA 16 by June

-10

ital letter
nning of a

Eat Lunch
in the
Classroom

entence - on March 12.



Use the SMARTBoard



Practice



Write - Pair - Share



Ask for help if confused

DRA
16 or

21

20

19

18

17

16

15

14

13



MATH

improve:
quiet
ball

D DO

make goal:
pajama
party

Play math around the world with subtraction.

Play ticket out the door.

Be the teacher. Teach class how to subtract.

What helped us learn!

Make a model

Make a chart

Picture in my mind

Using real examples

Small groups

counters

Making problems for friends

strategy board

board game

"telephone game" go fish

R U Smarter...

Flip Books

Jig

Pizza matching expert

Saw

make a song

Jeopardy study buddies

Switch/stitch

Tic Tac Toe

take notes

On target

graphic organizer - KWL

flowmap - Venn diagram

file cards

Think/pair/share

on student guide put words

Fifth Grade Language Arts Essentials

First Semester

Team Time

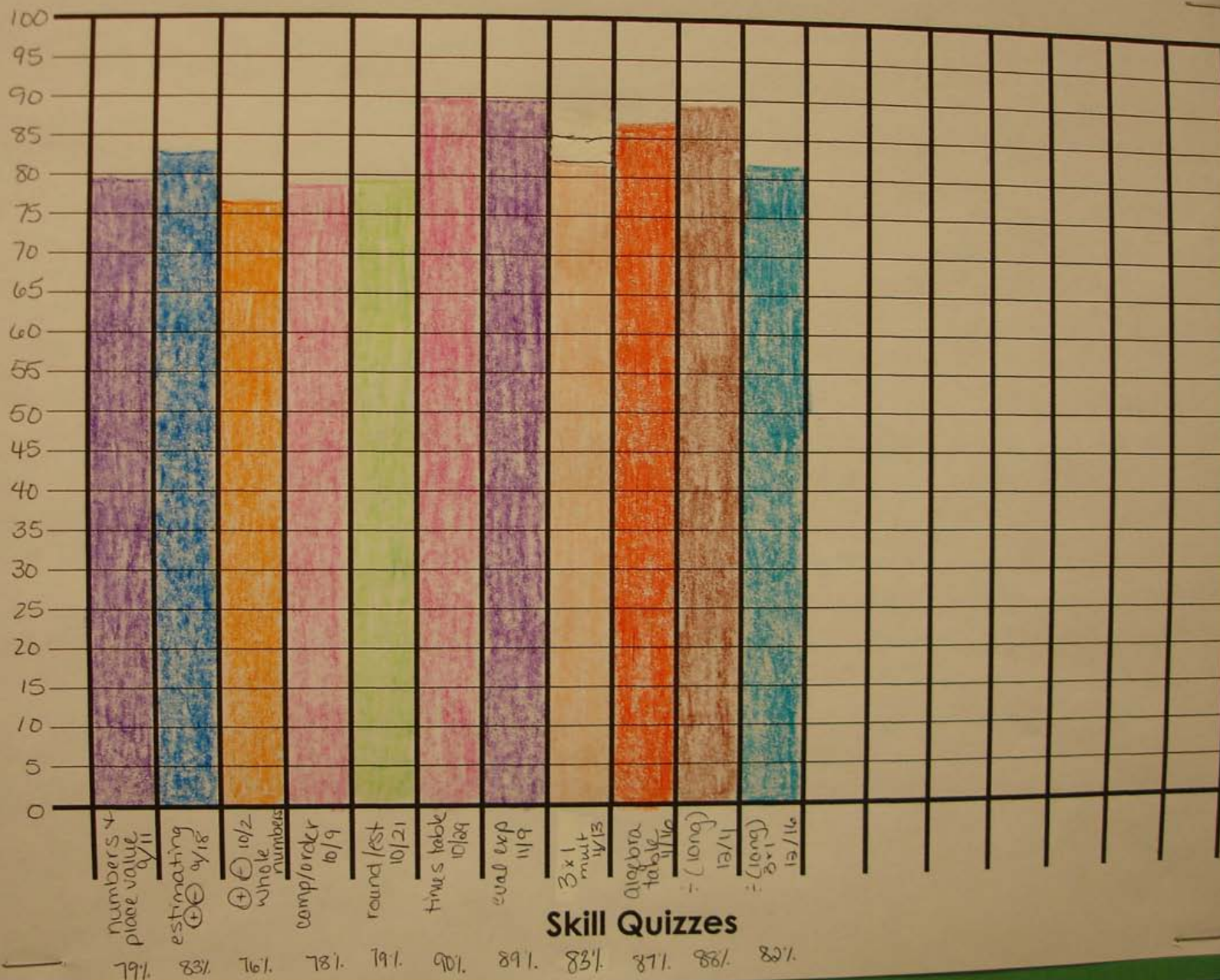
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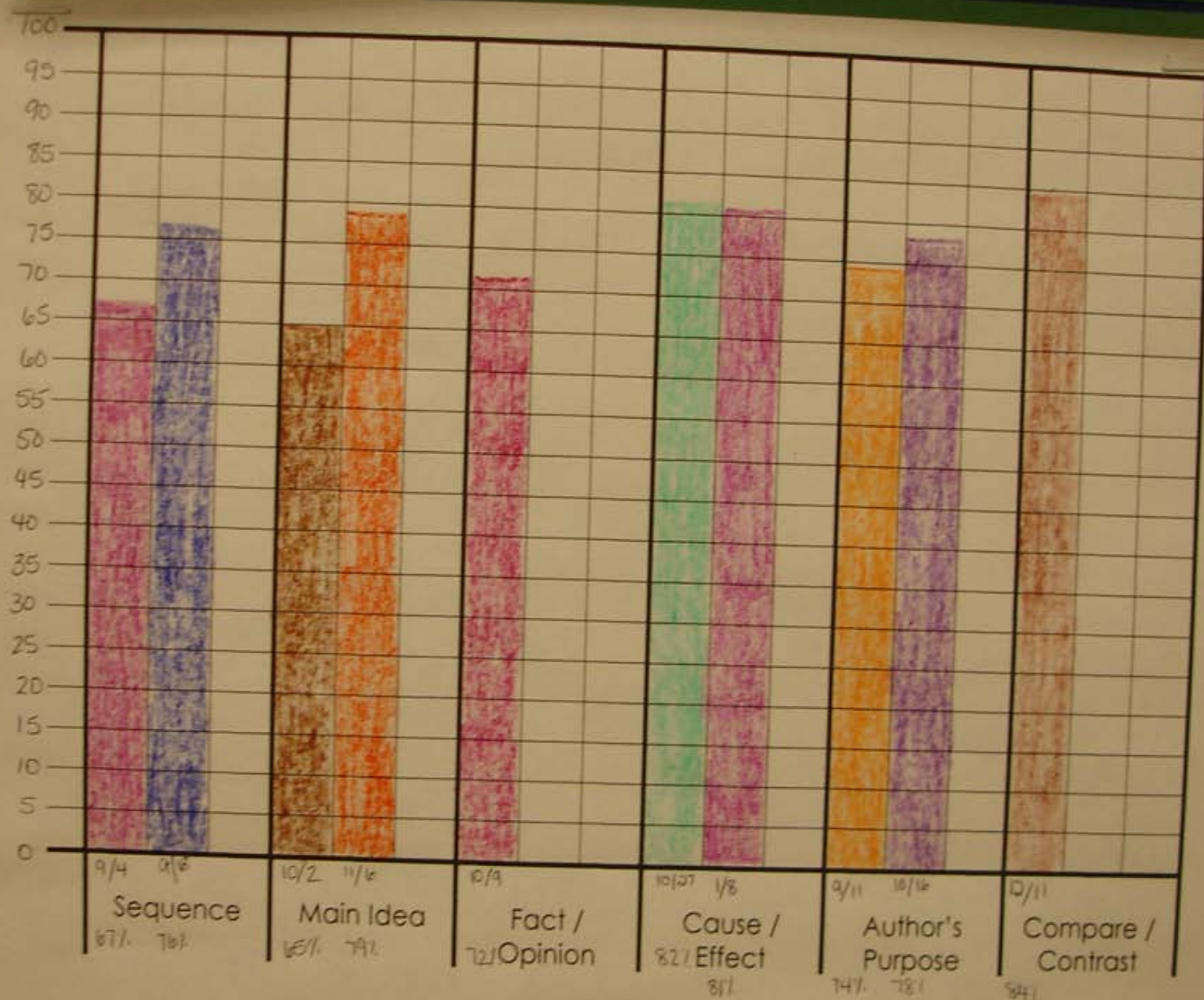




STUDY

- How can I show students safe data that helps them see the progress they are making?
- How can I leverage charts/graphs that we are studying in Mathematics?
- How do I lead students in a conversation about what the data means? what it doesn't mean?





Skill Quizzes

BELTS

RECORDER

KARATE

DEGREES

The display board consists of several vertical columns of colored paper. From left to right, the colors are purple, red, brown, black, white, yellow, orange, green, and dark purple. Each column is populated with numerous small, rectangular labels in various colors (blue, green, red, yellow, pink, orange, etc.). The labels are arranged in a somewhat organized manner, possibly representing data or a timeline. The board is mounted on a light-colored wall.

to learn?

(of success)

ake
e on quiz
5 min X recess
by: Marshmellow
fight

t

	9/26	10/6	10/13	10/20	10/27	11/3	11/10	11/17	11/24
19	●			●					
18	●			●					
17	●			●		●			
16	●		●	●		●			
15	●		●	●		●		●	
14	●	●	●	●		●		●	
13	●	●	●	●		●		●	
12	●	●	●	●		●		●	
11	●	●	●	●		●	●	●	●
10	●	●	●	●		●	●	●	●
9	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
8	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
7	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
6	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
5	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
4	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
3	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
2	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
1	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
Learning Target	Mult Facts 11-10	Division w/ remain	Order of op.	Mult 2 digit w/ 1 digit	Mult by 2 digit	Division by 2 digit	Division w/ money	Est. products	Division 2 digit w/ remain

Weekly Class
To help us reach our target, our teacher
 • assess st
using st
 • model use

To help us reach target, we will:
 • do extra Island
 • Use fract equi
 Our plan for the Week Beg
 We will reflect on this plan

St

Team Time

- How is this good for students?
- How does it help grow teacher practice (PLC practice)?
- What might it look like at your level?





ACT

- What do we need to keep doing/change based on what the data is telling us?
- Are there some other things we tried that we didn't capture (and should!)?

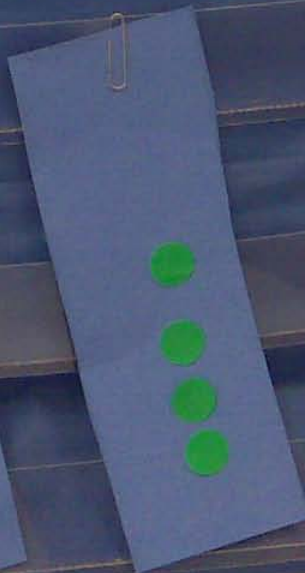
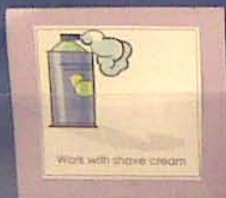
core 100% on Oral
ay.

Goal: Every body will learn Kk & its
sound. We will have a quiz on Friday

What helped us learn?

A

act



Week of Jan. 11th
Kindergarten +/

We worked together:



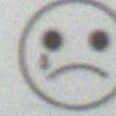
We took turns:



1 person talked at a time:



We were good listeners:



Some things we liked this week:

* 3rd grade reading buddies

* centers

Plus +	Delta Δ
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • What worked well. • We need to keep doing these. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • What do we need to change. • How can we make it better.

Issue Bin

- Don't use names
- Don't tattle
- Must help everyone

Rx
Our prescription
for the Deltas

Train students
(and staff to use
the issue bin
appropriately)

But other tools work equally well.
It's the *feedback* you want!

Exit Ticket

ASSIGNMENT _____

I feel _____

Fast Feedback

Instructions: Circle the number that best represents your thoughts on today's lesson or activity.

I understood today's lesson or concept.

1 Disagree 2 Somewhat Disagree 3 Agree 4 Strongly Agree

I could take what I learned today and use it in real life

1 Disagree 2 Somewhat Disagree 3 Agree 4 Strongly Agree

Things about today's lesson that I didn't quite understand:

The pace of today's lesson was (circle one)

Too slow Just Right Too Fast

I'd like some additional help, please. Signed:

Team Time

- How is this good for students?
- How does it help grow teacher practice (PLC practice)?
- What might it look like at your level?





“Wish we would have knowns”

- Use the PDSA as a touchstone in the classroom...don't just talk about it on Monday and Friday.
- Gradually release responsibility (as is grade level appropriate) to your students.
- Personalize it based on your teaching style and the needs of your classroom.
- Share what's working/what's not working with your PLC and troubleshoot together.



The difference between TALKing and Doing...

<http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=tvycBcwmoPo>



Moving to ACTION...

TALKING about doing doesn't bring about change...

Implementation does.



Pitfalls

What are some common issues
you might see develop?

- Elementary

- Middle

- High

Any/All levels?



Moving to ACTION...

Knowing is not doing.

Planning is not doing.

Training is not doing.

Decisions are not doing.

Doing requires DOING something.



Moving Forward

- District Staff and IF's will be working on the PDSA school-level training to roll out during workdays in August.
- You need to plan activities with your leadership/SIT that include the planting of knowledge of PDSA in your meetings. The PLC PDSA is not a passing fad, it is the direction we are heading in all classrooms to maximize success for students.
- Any groundwork we do now will eliminate any confusion later.
- As you are all aware, I have been talking about PDSA subtly all year.
- Now is the time to work with your school leaders on a successful implementation plan.
- Identify potential problems in your school and Soothe the Animal before it becomes a Beast!

Let us know of any support you need! Keep up the Great Work!!!